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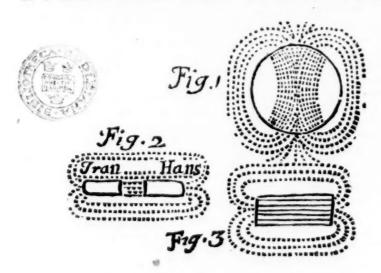
The Athenian Mercury:

Saturday, May 20. 1693.

An Account of the Loadstone.

Hat according to a late Promise, you may the better therefore apprehend the Solution of the various Essects of the Loadstone, We shall first as briefly as possible, give you an Explication of the Generation of it, which according to our Modern Philosophers is this:

The Earth, together with its Vortex, in which is contain'd the Moon, together with all the interjacent fluid Matter of the Heavens, being continually rouled about upon its Axis in the space of 24 hours, does by the continual motion and attrition of one particle against another rubb off little particles, which by their motion become still more fine and fubtile, and consequently require more space than before, this fine dust (therefore if I may so call it) which is by the motion of the Vorrex rubb'd off, striving to make it self room about the superficies of the Vortex, is hinder'd and repuls'd by those parts of the Suns Vortex which do immediarely inclose it, and by that fulnels which is in the Universe, so that it is constrained to move down to the Center of its own Vortex: and that it cannot do, but only about the poles thereof, where the motion is not to rapid as about the Æquator, and confequently not fo capable of making refutance against it; these particles therefore moving towards the Center of this Vortex, wherein the Earth is placed, are by the continual pressure of new fimilar particles, which are continually descending in lines parallel to the poles, forced to go past the Center, and to move quite thro the Earth, those which entred by the North pole out at the Southern one, and those on the contrary, which entred by the South-pole out at the Northern one; these particles therefore when they go to pals out at the opposite Pole, meeting the subtile matter, which does there descend towards the Center, is of necessity forced back, but finding the pores through which they moved before fill'd by other particles moving in the same manner as they did before, they are forced to turn their Course, and to move along thro and about the Spongy Superficies of the Earth towards the same pole whereby they at first entred, and so are moved continually in a kind of circular motion. In this matter which



moves on this fashion (Fig. 1.) consists all the Efficacy of a Loadstone, and what loever has pores fitted for such a motion of the subtile matter, is a Loadstone potentially, and would be one actually, if furnish'd with matter to move in that manner through its pores, so that the Earth it self is but one great Loadstone, whose Operations one might with Astonishment behold, were one but remov'd just out of its Sphere of Activity. But to come more par-

ticularly to the Loadstone; having first granted this motion of the subtile matter of the Vortex of the Earth, you will easily affent to this, that the particles which move through the Bowels of the Earth, when they light of a Body fit to receive the Action, will also move through it, and make it felf passages parallel to the poles of the Earth, and that if that Body be of any great folidity, as the Loadstone is, it will retain those pores after it be taken out of the Earth, which pores being full of that fubtile matter aforesaid which strives to go out at each pole of the body, and being hindred by the matter of the Vortex, which meets it as foon as got out of the Body, it is forced to move it self circularly along the superficies of the same, till it come to the Pole at which it entred at first, and there reentring continues its motion as before, just in the same manner as the fubtile matter of the great Vortex of the Earth moves. Now why the Loadstone should acquire these parallel pores, and this determination of motion more than any other Bodies which are in the Entrails of the Earth, may be because of the Natural Ordination and Determination of its parts, as being fitter to receive the actions of those particles than any other equally hard and solid Body, for that it should be very folid so as to retain that conformation of parts, and determination of pores after it be taken out of the Earth, is also requisite, as well as that it should at all have them, otherwise it would immediately lose its faculty of Attraction, (as it feems to be) its porces being too pliable to retain their acquired determinati-

Having premifed thus much of the Production of the Loadstone, We'll now come to the Solution of the Phenomena's thereof, and first of the Reason of its Attraction of Iron or Steel, the Reason whereof is this:

As Steel is but a more perfect fort of Iron, so the Loadstone is but a more perfect fort of Steel, as has been Experimented by melting a Loadstone, and converting it into pure Steel: So that in Iron and Steel there is the same parallel pores as in the Loadstone, but being stopt by some terrene particles, it hinders them from having the like Qualities with the Loadftone. Now by applying the Loadstone to either Iron or Steel, the Matter which continually moves about its superficies getting into the pores of the Iron, &c. opens them, making it felf thereby free paffages thro' them, so that thereby the Iron, &c. becomes a true Loadstone it self, having all the Qualities of that wherewith it was touched: But that you may conceive how the Iron comes to approach to the Loadstone, if put near it, suppose a Loadstone in a little Boat just so big as to fustain it from finking, near to which you hold a piece of Iron, &c. the Matter which goes out of the Pole of the Loadstone next to the applyed Iron, which before by the Circumambient Matter was repulled and forced to move circularly about the fuperficies of the Stone, meeting with the Iron as it goes out of the Loadstone, and finding pores fit for its reception, does keep on its Course thro' the Iron: Now the particles as they pass out of the Loadstone into the Iron, (Fig. 2.) do expulse all the Air which was between their two Bodies, and hindred their motion which by reason of the fullness of all things, is forced to turn its Course circularly, part along the superficies of the Stone, and part along the superficies of the Iron, till it come to the Extremities of each, where when it comes, it must of necessiry force them together, as having no Air between them to impede their coming together, and the Matter which freely moves out of one Body into the other, rather facilitata

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ting than hindring their Uniting, by which Air which acts equally upon each, to make them come together, as also by the Experiment of a Load-stone in a little Boat, which will come to the Iron, if the Iron be fo held that it cannot come to the Stone, it appears that the Iron may as well be faid to attract the Stone, as that the Stone attracts the Iron, and that it is the Pressure

of the Air which causes their Uniting,

As for the Nature of the Load-stone in respecting continually the Poles, if to poiled as that it can freely turn it felf any way, as also why the Needle touched therewith does still observe the same parts of the Heaven; the Reason is this, That whereas there is a continual quantity of Matter, which (for the Reasons above given) moves towards and thro' the Earth, in Lines parallel to the Poles; the Load-stone or Needle (which after having been rubb'd upon the Load-stone has the same Effects) is by this Matter to turned as to Correspond with its Motion, whereby it may the least as is possible impede this Course of the Matter of the Vortex, and also that it may most conveniently receive the finer Particles thereof through its own Pores, which it cannot do any other way to vastly as by placing its own Pores parallel to the Polar Pores of the Vortex.

But having been pretty long already, We'll only add two or three Experiments for the confirming and illustrating what has been already faid, and leave the Solution of the other particular Qualities for the Sub-

ject of another Mercury.

And first that the Effects of the Loadstone are produced only by such a Matter moving as before faid, is proved, in that a Bar of Iron which has flood long parallel to the Poles, or only upright upon one end, does without the application of a Loadstone to it acquire the Virtue of the Loadstone it self, tho' but in a fmall measure; yea, which We our selves have experimented, a pair of Tongs or a Fire-shovel which are used to stand long upon one end, will have in some measure the Magnetick Virtues, which can be attributed to nothing elle but to the Motion of the Particles aforesaid, which will evidently appear, if you consider that Iron which has been long in any other Position does not at all acquire the same faculties. Rehault says that he to experiment this the better, got him a small Bar of Steel, which he having heated Red hot (in a perpendicular Polition) that it might the easier receive the Act of the Matter of the Vortex, and have its Pores open'd thereby, and having held it so a small time, did afterwards in the same position cool it in a Tub of Water, whereby it might acquire that folidity which was requifite for the retaining the faid Determination of Pores, which when he had done, he found it to have all the Magnetick Virtues, and that in a pretty great degree, which in Our Opinion is a very folid Proof of what has been before faid, &c.

Another Experiment is this, that if you place a weaker Loadstone near to a stronger, the stronger will extract the magnetick Matter out of the other, and make it lose all its Virtue, yet if you place one two or three days in the open Air, it will have fill'd its Pores again with New subtile Matter, and reacquire its for-

mer Faculties.

Another Experiment, which is the last which We shall give you at preient, and which does fet before your Eves the aforefaid Motion of the Magnetick Matter, is this; If you take a Loadstone, and let it into a hole cut in the middle of a sheet of Paper, so that the Poles shall lye Horizontally, and having done this, sprinkle about this the Filings of Iron or Steel, it will lay it felf in fuch an Order as this, (Fig. 3.) the very fight whereof is enough to make one conclude that there is fome fubtile Matter which moves continually in that manner, if there were nothing else that had the least appearance of reason for such a Matter and Motion.

There is newly Publish'd

The Day of Jubilee, or a Practical Discourse on 1 Thes. 4. 17. By John Brandon, Rector of Finchamftead. Price 6 d. An Earnest Call to Family Reformation : By a Re-

verend Divine. Price 6 d. fingle, or 50 of 'em for 20 s. to those Gentlemen that buy them to disperse. Both Printed for F. Dunion at the Raven in the Poultrey.

Advertisements.

Luent, true and proper Latine and French is undertaken and Taught by Mr. Switerda in one Tear to any Nobleman, Gentlemen or Ladies that are defirous to speak the faid Languages, or to explain any Author in either of them, which if formerly learned are recoverable in three or four Months. And for the Convenience of those who live at great distance, he has a particular Method of imparting all the Instructions that are necessary to attain to perfection in the same in manner following, viz. for Latine in 48 Hours, and for French in 24, and the like in other Languages; that is to far, twice a Week, one Hour a time.

He Teacheth Mondays, Wednesdays and Frydays in Arundel-street in the Strand, next to the White Lyon, and the other days in Bow-Church-yard nigh the Writing. School, where you may have Gramatical and Historical Cards,

and French Cards fit for School-Mistresses.

There is lately arriv'd in this City a very Ingenious Dutch Man, called Mr. Vandepolle, who has found the only true Secret for Curing all forts of Crookedness in any part of the Body what soever, and that in a very short time, and without putting his Patient to the least Pain, provided they be under twenty Years of Age. He further obliges himself to latisfie any Learned Physitian or other Curious Person, by clear and certain Reason, that it is impossible persectly to Cure this Malady by Iron Boddice, which are now used by them who pretend to be most skilful and expert therein. Any Person who defires to Employ him may be further fatisfied by one of the King's Physitians, to whom he was recommended by an Eminent Physitian in Holand, who has Attested the great Cures he has done in that Countrey, and likewife by those he has done in this City fince he arrived. He liveth in Wardorstreet, over against the Golden Head, at the upper end of Old Soho, behind St. Anns Court.

T the Outropers-Office the West End of the Royal Exchange, is to be Sold an Extraordinary Collection of Pictures, and other Curiofities, being the Pictures of several Persons of Quality lately Decealed, which are now already hung up, and ready to be Expos'd to Sale at a prefix'd Price, being Pictures of all fizes, fit for Clotets, Halls and Stair-Cases, and most of them Originals, on every Wedne Iday and Thur Iday (to Sell by Day-light) 'till all be Sold, at Three of the Clock each Afternoon, beginning this Week, and it any Person cannot come at the Sale, they may be furnished before and after the Sale : And all People that have any good Pictures, Goods, or any Curiofities that they are willing to Dispose of, may bring them into the said Office, and have one half of the Vallue of the said Goods down, and the other half when they are Sold, paying Interest for the Money 'till they shall receive the same, where Attendance will be given from this Day, from Six every Morning 'till Seven at Night, to either receive in, or dispole of the aforesaid Goods. Catalogues gratis.

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Tho. Howkins in George-yard in Lombard-Ifreet.